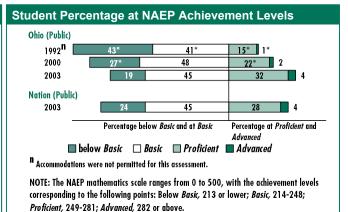
Snapshot Report

The National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) assesses mathematics in five content areas: number sense, properties, and operations; measurement; geometry and spatial sense; data analysis, statistics and probability; and algebra and functions. The NAEP mathematics scale ranges from 0 to 500.

Overall Mathematics Results for Ohio

- In 2003, the average scale score for fourth-grade students in Ohio was 238. This was higher¹ than the average score in 2000 (230), and was higher than the average score in 1992 (219).
- Ohio's average score (238) in 2003 was higher than that of the nation's public schools (234).
- Of the 53 states and jurisdictions² that participated in the 2003 fourth-grade assessment, students' average scale scores in Ohio were higher than those in 22 jurisdictions, not significantly different from those in 22 jurisdictions, and lower than those in 8 iurisdictions.
- The percentage of students in Ohio who performed at or above the NAEP Proficient level was 36 percent in 2003. This percentage was greater than that in 2000 (25 percent), and was greater than that in 1992 (16 percent).



Performance of NAEP Reporting Groups in Ohio						
	Percentage	Average	Percentage of students at			
Reporting groups	of students	Score	Below Basic	Basic	Proficient	Advanced
Male	51	239 🕇	19 ↓	44	33 🕇	4
Female	49	237 🕇	19 ↓	47	31 🕇	3
White	77	243 🕇	13 ↓	45	38 🕇	5
Black	19	217 🕇	46 ↓	45	9 🕇	#
Hispanic	2	225	34	50	15	1
Asian/Pacific Islander	1					
American Indian/Alaska Native	#					
Free/reduced-price school lunch						

224 1

246 1

36

9 ↓

35

56

Average Score Gaps Between Selected Groups

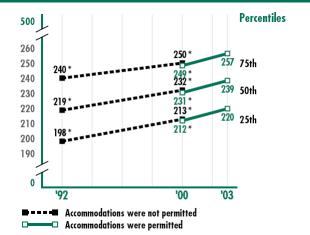
- In 2003, male students in Ohio had an average score that was not found to be significantly different from that of female students. In 1992, there was also no significant difference between the average score of male and female students.
- In 2003, White students had an average score that was higher than that of Black students (26 points). This performance gap was not significantly different from that of 1992 (28 points).
- The sample size was not sufficient to permit a reliable estimate for Hispanic students in Ohio in 1992.
- In 2003, students who were not eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch had an average score that was higher than that of students who were eligible (23 points). This performance gap was not significantly different from that of 2000 (22 points).



47

16 1

41 1



An examination of scores at different percentiles on the 0-500 NAEP mathematics scale at each grade indicates how well students at lower, middle, and higher levels of the distribution performed.

The estimate rounds to zero.

Eligible

Not eligible

- --- Reporting standards not met; sample size insufficient to permit a reliable estimate.
- * Significantly different from 2003.
- ↑ Significantly higher than, ↓ lower than 2000.

1 Comparisons (higher/lower/not different) are based on statistical tests. The .05 level was used for testing statistical significance. Performance comparisons may be affected by differences in exclusion rates for students with disabilities and limited-English-proficient students in the NAEP samples and changes in sample sizes. NAEP sample sizes have increased in 2003 compared to previous years, resulting in smaller detectable differences than in previous assessments. ² "Jurisdictions" includes participating states and other jurisdictions (such as the District of Columbia and the Department of Defense Dependents Schools). NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for Free/reduced-price lunch is not displayed. Statistical comparisons are calculated on the basis of unrounded scale scores or percentages. Visit http://nces.ed.gov/nationsreportcard/states/ for additional results and detailed information.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1992, 2000, and 2003 Mathematics Assessments.